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# Endgame Virtuoso Magnus Carlsen

Volume 2 The World Champion Shows His Superior Skills

New In Chess 2023

# Contents

| Preface                   |                                       |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Chapter 1                 | 2018: domination challenged9          |
| Chapter 2                 | 2019: big payoff56                    |
| Chapter 3                 | 2020: going online                    |
| Chapter 4                 | 2021: a mixed year150                 |
| Chapter 5                 | 2022: many brilliant games193         |
| Chapter 6                 | An interview with Peter Heine Nielsen |
|                           |                                       |
| Afterword                 |                                       |
| Endgame class             | fication                              |
| Index of name             | s                                     |
| Explanation of symbols255 |                                       |
|                           |                                       |

#### PREFACE

# The Best and Most Artistic Endgames of the World Champion in 2018-2022

Magnus Carlsen became the world's number one chess player in 2010 and ever since he has been the dominating player in the world. In chess, one has to be very versatile to become a world-class player and especially versatile to earn the unofficial title of world number one.

Computers have fundamentally changed our game forever, and Magnus is the first World Champion who started playing chess when computers already had a reasonable level, and whose career was affected by computers virtually from the start. The programs have affected chess in that they minimized the advantage one can obtain in the opening, and more equal positions in regular games generate longer games and more endgames. Computers have eased chess learning and have helped humans to understand chess better. They did not only improve our understanding in the opening and the middlegame, but raised our level in the endgame as well.

Playing endgames on an artistic level was one of the key elements of Carlsen's incredible success from early on in his career. It is very hard to compare giant players from different eras, but whichever way we choose, the Norwegian grandmaster is one of the greatest players of all time and certainly the very best of his generation. His exceptional endgame skill brought him not only countless points, but also several vital wins in his battles for the world crown. If he had not beaten Teimour Radjabov at the finish of the Candidates Tournament in London in 2013, possibly he would have had to wait for several more years to obtain the title. Saving the piece-down ending of the sixth game in his World Championship Match against Fabiano Caruana was important for retaining his title. In addition, his superior endgame play enabled him to win the vital first game of the play-off of that match. His first and key win against Ian Nepomniachtchi in his last title defence match took place in an endgame.

In my opinion, only Anatoly Karpov was as fantastic at endgames as Carlsen is. Actually, when it comes to saving difficult endgames, the Norwegian player is possibly the best ever. Bobby Fischer was also great at this, but the American played much fewer games.

New in Chess published my first Endgame Virtuoso Magnus Carlsen book that covered his career until 2018. I believe that in these couple of years since this first book, Magnus produced enough new endgames to make it worthwhile to have a close look at these endgames as well, especially as the Norwegian World Champion has been able to maintain his incredible level in endgame play. In addition, Carlsen has played so many rapid and blitz games in recent years, it is worth looking closely at them too.

Computer engines have surely improved Carlsen's understanding of the endgame, so looking at his endgames with this modern tool enables us to dive more deeply into his endgame treatment. Sometimes it is inevitable that I go a bit deeper in my analyses, but it is my intention to explain the concepts with words as well.

The success of the first book generated the idea of coming up with a second volume. In many ways, this book is the same as the first one – the way I analysed these masterpieces has not changed. But I have added a few more texts about his tournament performances and the progress he made in them, less so about his rapid and blitz tournaments. I consider myself fortunate to have been able to interview Peter Heine Nielsen, who works for Magnus and was his second at five world championship matches. His words have certainly raised the level of my work.

World champions whom we rightly admire – Tal, Petrosian, Spassky, even Fischer (I intentionally restrict myself to the names of the giants I have been fortunate to write books about) – were clearly the best players in the world for less than five years only. Magnus has been the best for at least a decade and, believe me, he produced many more fantastic endgames than anybody ever did in such a relatively short time span. It is very much worthwhile to devote a new volume to what he has created in the endgame in this very recent period.

You can learn a lot from Magnus Carlsen's best endgames, but you can also just enjoy them – they often provide artistic pleasure. If you already like endgames, then you will enjoy this book. If not, I still suggest you read it; you may start liking them.

Tibor Karolyi Soltvadkert, February 2023

### **CHAPTER 2**

# 2019: big payoff

The huge work Carlsen and his team had invested for the Caruana match affected his results in the next year, and it paid off. But surely that was not the only element of his stunning accomplishments; probably, Magnus was not fully satisfied with his results from the last two years.

Carlsen was phenomenal for the greatest part of this year. He played more or less the same events as the year before, and won them all. The biggest gap he created was two points in a mere nine games, at the Gashimov Memorial. In some rare cases, first place was tied. Magnus was invulnerable now – he lost not a single game with a classical time control throughout the whole year. His exceptional performances were reflected in his Elo rating, which rose to 2872.

Carlsen finished the year phenomenally as well. He won the World Rapid Championship, and that was not all: he was victorious at the World Blitz Championship, too. It was a year such as even the greatest of champions will only rarely produce. Carlsen's first event in 2019 was the annual Tata Steel Chess Tournament in Wijk aan Zee, a place he has fond memories of. As a 13-year-old boy, he achieved his first grandmaster norm there, and he had already won it a record six times.

He started Tata Steel with four fighting draws. Timman wrote something interesting in New In Chess magazine: 'After three draws he seemed to have made a principled decision: accepting his relative lack of form. he could concentrate on winning endgames. His intended motto may have gone something like this: no more heavyduty opening preparation, go for equal positions and wait for your opponent to make a mistake.' In live Elo points, after the fourth draw in a row Magnus was only three points above Caruana. In Game 5, he beat Jorden van Foreest convincingly. In the next game, Mamedyarov sacrificed two pieces for a rook and two pawns. The position was balanced for a long time, but in the endgame the Azeri grandmaster made a losing move and Carlsen punished him for it. Timman analysed it for New In Chess, finishing with the remark, 'Especially psychologically, this was a strong game.'

In the next round, Fedoseev won a pawn, and this was the only game in which Magnus was in danger of losing.

#### Game 16 Vladimir Fedoseev Magnus Carlsen

Wijk aan Zee 2019



#### 26...Øxa2

Carlsen naturally reduces the number of pawns and aims to liquidate all White's queenside pawns.

#### 27.¤a1 ¤xc4 28.¤xa2



# 28…**≜**e5!

Exchanging light pieces and simplifying into rook endgames usually helps the defender.

#### **29.b**3

On 29.<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>xh6, 29...<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>xh4 holds. 29...<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>b4 30.<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>xe5 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>xe5 31.<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>xa6 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>xb3

It is an accomplishment to eat up all of White's queenside pawns,

but White's two rooks can cause problems in some cases, so it is too early to relax.

### 32.**⊑d1** ⊑b4

Carlsen forces matters. Black could also have held in a somewhat passive way with 32...單b7 33.g4 單e4 34.單d4 罩xd4 35.exd4 單b4 36.單d6 塗f8 and White cannot win.

### 33.**≝d7** 🖄g7

Reducing the number of pawns by 33... \[\[]\]xh4?! was possible, but it would help White: 34. \[]\]f6 \[[]\]f5 (34... \[]\]eh5 35.f4) 35. \[]\]dxf7 \[[]\]xf6 36. \[]xf6 \[\]g7 37. \[]\]d6. Black can probably hold this, but it would be a long ordeal for him at least.

#### 34.¤aa7 ¤f5 35.f3



### 35...**⊒**b2!

Timman: 'A strong little move that keeps the king in place.' Slightly surprisingly, 35... 🖾 xh4? would have lost to 36.e4! 🖆f6 37.g3! 🖺h5 38.f4! 🖆b5 39.e5 ऱ̃f5 40.e6. But Black has another effective defensive plan, keeping one rook on f6 or f5 and the other on e6. Black has time for this: 35... ¤̃f6 36.e4 ¤̃bb6! 37.\varephih2 (37. e5 ¤̃f5 38.¤e7 \varephif8 and Black holds) 37... ¤̃be6 (37...h5) 38.¤̃a8 ¤̃a6 and Black can defend.

## 36.e4 If4 37.e5 Ie2

37...軍b6 38.軍e7 當f8 would have saved the draw as well. **38.軍e7** 



### 38...罩f5!

Timman: 'Black temporarily sacrifices a second pawn in order to get a theoretical endgame.' **39.e6 \$f8 40.Ixf7+ Ixf7 41.Ixf7+** 

\$g8 42.틸e7 \$f8 43.틸f7+ \$g8 44.h5 gxh5 45.틸f5 틸xe6



# 46.**ຶ**⊈xh5

Timman writes: 'As he pointed out at the final press conference, Carlsen was very satisfied with his well-calculated defence in this endgame.' Now it is a theoretical draw.

46...\$g7 47.\$f2 Ia6 48.g4 Ia2+ 49.\$g3 Ia3 50.Id5 \$f6 51.\$f4 Ia4+ 52.\$e3 Ia1 53.f4 Ig1 54. $\Xi$ d6+  $\pm$ g7 55. $\pm$ f3  $\Xi$ e1 56. $\Xi$ b6  $\Xi$ g1 57. $\Xi$ e6  $\Xi$ a1 58. $\pm$ e4  $\Xi$ a4+ 59. $\pm$ f5  $\Xi$ a5+ 60. $\Xi$ e5  $\Xi$ a7 61. $\Xi$ d5  $\Xi$ f7+ 62. $\pm$ e4  $\Xi$ e7+ 63. $\pm$ d4  $\Xi$ e1 64. $\Xi$ d7+  $\pm$ f6 65. $\Xi$ d6+  $\pm$ g7 66. $\pm$ d5  $\Xi$ g1 67. $\pm$ e6  $\Xi$ xg4 68. $\Xi$ d7+  $\pm$ g8 69.f5  $\Xi$ f4 70. $\pm$ f6  $\Xi$ f1 71. $\Xi$ d8+  $\pm$ h7 72. $\Xi$ d7+  $\pm$ g8 73. $\Xi$ d8+  $\pm$ h7 74. $\Xi$ d7+  $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ 

In an eventful game with Vishy Anand, the Indian legend got close to a draw in a knight ending, but at move 70 he blundered the game in one move. The Indian grandmaster called it a disaster. Possibly his age played a role. When he was young he must have beaten great players in a similar way.

We join the game with Duda fairly early on.

# Game 17 Magnus Carlsen Jan-Krzysztof Duda

Wijk aan Zee 2019



### 17. ĝxh6!

Carlsen's piece sacrifice leads to an endgame.

17...gxh6 18.₩d2 ∅h7!

Black can reach the ensuing endgame with several different knight moves. On 18...h5?, White's most precise win is 19.營g5+ 含h8 20.營h6+ 含g8 21.公e4.

#### 



This intermediate move restores the material balance, but still it doesn't fully equalize.

#### 22.\$g1!

In endgames, kings stand well in the centre, but this time this is the right place for the white king. After 22.當e3 公xf6 23.單f1 當g7, Black would equalize as the g2-pawn is hanging.

#### 22...⊘xf6 23.≝f1!

As Peter Heine Nielsen, Carlsen's helper, commented after the game, Magnus had prepared this and knew that the sacrifice on h6 was advantageous for White. The position looks innocent for Black, but it isn't.

### 23...**ģ**g7?!

Duda gives material for the purpose of neutralizing White's attack. Possibly, he guessed that he had fallen for Carlsen's preparation and wanted to surprise his opponent. But his move is not optimal. After Black's best move, White's advantage is smaller: 23...公e8 24.罩f3 f5 25.罩g3+ 公g7 26.公e2 罩c2 and Black stops the unpleasant 公f4 or 公d4. **24.罩f3 罩g8 25.罩hf4!** 

Both sides aim to attack, but White's punch hurts first. **25... 皇c6** 



# 26.¤xf6!

### 26...≗xf3 27.⊒xf3

Carlsen has obtained two light pieces for a rook. His advantage is almost decisive, but the win is not certain.

### 27...**⊒**d8!

Duda correctly activates his second rook.

### 28.邕f2

White could have considered pushing the a-pawn quickly: 28.a4 IC2 (28...Idd2 29.If1) and after 29.a5 \u00edc1ct+ 30.\u00ebf2 \u00edd2d2+ 31.\u00e0e2 \u00edd2a1 32.a6 \u00edd2c2 Black is likely to defend, but White has an improvement along the way: he would keep an edge after 29.h3!.

### 28...**Ξ**b4

I prefer 28...罩dd2!? 29.罩xd2 罩xd2 30.違b3 塗g6 when perhaps Black has slightly better chances to draw than White has to win. It's a close call.

# 29.<u>ĝ</u>b5?!

Magnus plays for a wrong idea, misjudging something that is hidden under the surface. The subtle 29. 皇 f1!! would have been stronger. White aims to play 罩c2 and push the a-pawn. After 29...罩d6 30. 皇 b5!! c6 31. 皇 f1, White is likely to convert his advantage.

# 29...**≝**a8 30.a4?!

30.罩c2! 罩a5 (on 30...c6, 31.皇e2 wins) 31.皇e2 罩c5 32.含f2 and White could press.



# 30...c6!

Nielsen wrote: 'Magnus underestimated Black's strong resource at move 30.'

### 31.<u></u>≜e2

On 31.皇xc6, 31...罩c8! wins a piece. Duda diverts the bishop to force the white knight to defend the a-pawn for a while.

## 3**1...≝**a5?!

The other rook should control the a-pawn from behind: 31...罩b3! 32.罩f3 罩a3 and it would be very hard for White to make progress; for example, 33.含f2 罩b8! 34.皇d1 罩b2+ 35.②e2 罩a1 and Black should be able to hold.

# 32.**⊒**f3

The rook will have a glorious role in this game. My guess is that even Magnus did not anticipate this yet.

#### 32...f5 33.ṡf2 ≌c5 34.≗d1

The bishop takes over the knight's duty of defending the a-pawn.

#### 34...e5?!

Pushing the pawn allows White to improve his rook, but it requires skill to uncover it: 34...罩b2+! 35.诊f1 罩e5 36.罩f2 (36.⑵e2 罩b1) 36...罩b4 and Black has chances of salvation after 37.罩a2 罩f4+ or 37.罩e2 罩c5. **35.⑵e2! 诊f6 36.罩a3! 罩b1** 



# 37.\$e1!

The king stops Black's play against White's light pieces.

### 37...e4?!

This gives up the f4-square, but 37... a5 would have been almost

equally difficult to defend; for instance, 38.h4 單a7 39.公c3 單b2 and White has good chances to win with 40.g3 or 40.皇e2. **38.g3?!** 

# On 38.a5? 邕bb5 39.a6 邕a5! Black wins the white a-pawn. But pushing the h-pawn would have been stronger: 38.h4! 邕a5 39.h5 鸷g5 (39...ఫg7 loses to 40.邕a2! 李h6 41.公c3) 40.邕g3+ 李h6 41.公f4 邕xa4 42.公e6 邕aa1 43.邕g6+ 李h7 44.公g5+ 李h8 45.邕d6 and White wins.

**38... 솔e5! 39.h4 프a5! 40.h5 c5?** This pawn move locks out the rook

on a5. Instead, 40... Ia7 would have kept both rooks active: 41.a5?! (41. 23 Ib8 and Black has decent chances to escape) 41... Ib5 42.a6 Ib6 43. Ia5+ Ib5 44. Ia4 Ib6 45.h6 If6 46.h7 Ig7 47. 24 Ibxa6 48. 1xf5+ Igxh7 49. Ixe4 Ia1! 50. Ia3 I7a2. Thanks to his active rooks, Black may hold.



# 41.ģd2!

Carlsen improves his king. **41...c4 42.☆c2 里b8 43.☆c3** If 43.☆f4, 43...☆d4 could have been played. **43...里b1?!**  Duda misses a chance to invade on the second rank with 43...罩d5! 44. 皇c2 and now:



analysis diagram

44.... 当bd8!! 45. 当a1 (after 45.a5 当d2 46. 公f4 当f2!, Black's rooks are active enough to keep the balance) 45... 当d2! 46. 当e1 当2d3+ 47. 皇xd3 cxd3 48. 公f4 当c8+ 49. 堂d2 堂d4 and Black defends.

44.ṡc2 ≝b8



### 45.**ģc1**!

Carlsen finds a way to make progress by vacating the c2-square. **45...重b6 46. 全c2 重d6 47. 公f4!!** Carlsen finds no way to push the a-pawn, so he changes his plan. Objectively, this new plan can be thwarted by Black, but it is still a fantastic idea. On 47.罩a2, 47...罩b6 (47...罩a8? 48.罩b2) 48. **公**f4 **公**d4 would resist. We will see one of the points of the text at move 52. **47... <b>2c5?** 

With 47...罩a7! 48.罩e3 罩g7, Black could have held by tying the rook to the defence of the g3-pawn. **48.罩e3!** 

Carlsen sticks to his plan. If 48.  $\Xi$ a2, Black has other ways to improve the rook, trying to invade on the b-file: 48... $\Xi$ b6! or 48... $\Xi$ cc6! as well. But on 48...c3?, 49. 2b3 would have been strong, and on 48...2d4? White has 49. 2d1!.

Or if 48.ڦa1 \$\dots d4 (48...\\"b6?! 49.\$\dd2!) 49.\$\dd2 c3+ 50.\$\dd2 e2 \$\dd2 and White would be only a bit better.

# **48**...∲d4

48... 道d8 49. 道e1! 道d6 50. 道h1! (here we see the point of Carlsen's rook moves) 50... 道c7! (50... 道cc6? 51. 公g2!; 50... 道c8? 51. h6) 51. 公g2 道d3 52. 道h3 (52. 皇xd3 cxd3+ 53. 會b2 會d4 is a draw) 52... 道f3 53. h6 道h7 54. 公f4 道f1+ 55. 當d2 道f3 and Black has chances to hold.

### 49.¤e1 ¤h6?

Duda misses a golden opportunity to improve his king, which would have enabled his d-rook to invade on the second rank: 49...\$c3! 50.\$\delta\epsilon\epsilon\epsilon\epsilon\delta\epsilon\eps



#### 50.�d2!

Carlsen improves his king and pushes back Black's pieces. 50...፲e5 51.②e2+ ☆c5 52.፲h1! Covering the h5-pawn and thus getting ready for ☆c3. I suspect that Carlsen anticipated this transfer when he played his 47th move.

#### 52...≝e8

If 52...當b4, 53.罩b1+ (53.當e3!) 53...當a5 54.心f4 would have won. **53.當c3!** 

The king is superbly placed on c3. **53... <b>¤g8** 

On 53...罩b8, 54.勾d4 wins.



#### 54.邕b1!

The rook is now strong on another file, and White is helped by a small tactic.

54...邕xh5 55.皇xe4! 邕e8 56.②f4!

Carlsen finds a tactical idea which wins another pawn. 56...互g5 57.互b5+ 含d6 58.全xf5 互xg3+

Black takes White's second-tolast pawn, forcing White to play accurately.



### 59.當d4!!

This is Magnus at his magical best. He stops ... I e5 and, importantly, moves closer to Black's king to attack instead of grabbing Black's last pawn.

According to Nielsen, taking was possible, but this time this is an analysis mistake by the very strong grandmaster. It would be interesting to know whether he discussed the game with Magnus: 59. 會xc4? 單e5 60. 單d5+ (60. 單b6+ 會c7 61. 罩b5 會d6 is a repetition only) 60... 罩xd5 61. ②xd5 罩a3 62. ②c3 會c6! and according to the tablebases, this position is a draw. **59... 罩g1** 

60.邕b6+ ��e7 61.必g6+

61.公d5+ 含f7 62.a5 would have won as well.

61...∲f7



#### 62. නිප5+

Magnus sends the black king far away.

#### 62...**ģ**g8

On 62...堂e7, 63.罩b7+ wins as on 63...堂f6, 64.罩f7+ 堂g5 65.心f3+ would be decisive, or 63...堂f8 64.罩f7+ 堂g8 65.意h7+.

#### 63.∕∆xc4

On 63.a5??, 63...罩d1+! would have worked.

63...¤a8 64.a5 ¤a1 65.¤b5 ¤a7



#### 66.<u></u>e4

Magnus threatens to trap the rook with 皇b7. 66.堂c5 would have won as well.

### 66...**≝c**7

The rook cuts off the king. 67.≝f5 ��g7 68.ዿc2 ≝c1 On 68...≝c8, Nielsen shows an

instructive line: 69.罩b5 掌f8

```
70. 读c3 罩a2 71. 遑b3 罩a1 72. 读b4 读e7
73. 罩b7+ 读f6 74. ②a3 罩c6 (74... 罩a8
75. 罩b6+ (75. 逸c4? 罩xa5) 75... 读e7
76. a6) 75. 罩b6 罩xb6+ 76. axb6 and
White wins.
69. 读c3 罩f7
```



# 70.≝xf7+! 🖄xf7 71.∅a3! 1-0

White has six winning moves, but not all moves will do. For example, if it were Black to move, ... \$2000 would draw.

Duda could have forced Carlsen to checkmate him with bishop and knight. As a young player I was told that a candidate master surely can solve this problem, but I can recall that Bela Lengyel, a decent IM, was not able to checkmate his opponent within 50 moves in a regular game.

Carlsen won the event for a record seventh time, scoring 9 points out of 13 games. He won three endgames.

Carlsen continued the year at the Gashimov Memorial in the Azeri capital. In round two, he played Anand, and again he got an endgame against his predecessor.

#### Game 18 Magnus Carlsen Viswanathan Anand

Shamkir 2019



#### 29...g6?!

Anand's move allows Carlsen to play on. Keeping an eye on the a6-pawn with 29... &c8! would have prevented any squeezing; for example, 30. Eb8 g6 31. &g4 (31. Ea8 Ec7) 31...f5 32. &f3 &g7 33. &xd5 &xa6 and Black holds easily. **30. Eb7 Ec1+ 31. &h2 Ec2 32. &b5 Eb2!** 

Pinning the bishop is the only way to avoid losing.

33. ģg3 皇c8 34. 里b8 ģg7 35. 里xc8 里xb5 36. 里c7 里a5



#### 37.**邕xa**7

Carlsen wins a pawn, forcing Anand to play precisely.

## 

After the superb 37... a3!!, Black threatens to push the d-pawn: 38. a543 (in case of 38. a54 a56! 39.f3 a2, Black holds) 38...d4 39. a2 dxe3 40.fxe3 a56 41. a2 a55 42. ad Black can defend with several moves; for example, both 42...f5 and 42... a44 are fairly simple.

#### 38.¤a8 ¤a3 39.\$h2 h5



#### 40.a7!

White takes a responsible decision. Black can't save the d-pawn.

#### 40...≝a2

After 40...h4 41.g4 hxg3+ 42.fxg3 White wins by walking with the king towards the d-pawn.

#### 41.h4 ģf5 42.f3 ≝a1

42...當f6 loses to 43.當g1.





#### Game 102 Magnus Carlsen Vincent Keymer

Almaty Wch Rapid 2022



Magnus has several good positionbuilding moves like 28.h4, 28.罩c5 or 28.罩d3, but he takes action: **28.e5 公d5+?!** 

Impatiently, the German grandmaster tries to ease the pressure. 28...罩dc8!, to prepare the knight move, was better, for example, 29.罩d2 公d5+ 30.盒xd5 cxd5 31.罩dc2 逾d7. Black would have been clearly worse, but he would still have had reasonable drawing chances.

#### 29.âxd5 cxd5 30.¤c7+ ¤d7 31.¤dc1 fxe5

It is not clear who would benefit by closing the position with 31...f5, but Black has no time for it as 32.a6 wins.

#### 

After this push, Black may lose the d-pawn, but waiting passively would be almost hopeless; for instance, 33...皇g6 34.堂d4 皇f5 (34...皇e8 35.f5) 35.a6 堂e8 (35...罩a8 36.a4) 36.罩c8+ 罩xc8 37.罩xc8+ 堂e7 38.堂c5 and White wins.

#### 34.Ġd2 ዿĝ6



#### 35.a6

Carlsen tries to invade on the queenside. 35.g4 2e4 36.f5 would have won as well.

#### 35...ዿ̀e4 36.⊒̃b5 b6 37.⊘̀c6+ ዿ̀xc6 38.⊒̃xc6 ⊒̃c8?

Black could have created some play on the kingside with 38...\$e7 39.Ib1 If8 40.\$d3 g5 41.If1 h5. After 42.Icc1, Black should be lost, but it would have been better than the game.



### 39.**¤xe**6

Carlsen has several easy wins. 39.罩xc8+ 當xc8 40.a4 當c7 41.當d3 would also have won effortlessly. **39...d3 40.罩d6** 

Exchanging a pair of rooks is the simplest.

40...<sup>2</sup>xd6 41.exd6 \$\$d7 42.<sup>2</sup>f5 \$\$e6



#### 43.d7

This pawn paralyses Black. 43...Id8 44.Ie5+ \$d6 45.Ie3 \$c6



#### 46.罩xd3

The black passed pawn falls, and now the white king invades. 46... \$b5 47. \$e3 \$xa6 48. \$e4 \$b7 1-0

After a last-round blitzkrieg demolition of Maghsoodloo, Carlsen won the event scoring 10 points out of 13 games. Keymer and Caruana tied second/third with 8½ points.

It seems Carlsen is still the best, but this event suggests that the gap with others is narrowing. But of course, who knows what happens when Magnus plays at his magical best? Carlsen started the World Blitz Championship with two convincing wins. The third game was a closer call.

Game 103 Ivan Cheparinov Magnus Carlsen

Almaty Wch Blitz 2022



# 21.**₩**b2

Cheparinov exchanges queens. He could also have played 21.公d3 公e4 22.皇xe4 dxe4 23.公c5 皇xc5 24.dxc5 resulting in a dead draw.

**21...互c8 22.響xb3 急xb3 23.急e1** 23.罣a7 was more active. **23...急d6** 

Magnus plays on; he might take on e5 to unbalance the position a bit.

### 24.≝b1 <u>≗</u>c2 25.≝b7

Cheparinov doesn't mind the exchange. 25.\u00e4c1 cl would have been pretty drawish.

# ... 🕯 xe5 26.dxe5 🖓g4 27.f4

27.皇c3 would have been safer, but Cheparinov's move is perfectly fine. 27...h5 28.皇f3 皇f5 29.皇xg4?

After this careless capture, White's position becomes passive. 29.h3 罩c1 30.hxg4 hxg4 31.當f2 gxf3 32.exf3 邕c2+ 33.堂e3 must be a draw. Also after 29.皇f2, it is hard to imagine a way for Carlsen to play for a win.



### 29...hxg4!

This capture gives slightly more practical chances. In the next moves, Carlsen improves his king quite a bit.

#### 30.¤b2 ¤c1 31.\$f2 \$h7 32.¤d2 ¤b1 33.¤d4 \$g6 34.\$d2 \$e4 35.\$e1 \$f5 36.¤d2

Cheparinov just waits and says to his opponent: 'Try to win this if you can.' 36. 264! 2c1 37. 267! would have forced Carlsen to defend something and would have held fairly easily.

### 36...f6!

Magnus gets the upper hand by changing the pawn structure. **37.exf6 gxf6 38.<b>Ed4** 



#### 38...e5!

Carlsen creates a pawn majority in the centre, which is a bit of an accomplishment. White's pawn majority on the kingside has no importance.

On 38...<sup>III</sup>b2, 39.<sup>i</sup>2<sup>f</sup>1 would have been the answer.

#### 39.fxe5 fxe5 40.Äb4 Äa1

Depriving White of the c3-square with 40...<sup>II</sup>c1!? looked a bit stronger. **41.IIb8 IIa2** 

41...d4 was preferable. 42.¤f8+ \$\$e6 43.¤e8+ \$\$f6



### 44.�[1?!

44. 皇c3! would have obtained the draw instantly; for example, 44...單c2 (44...d4 45. 皇xd4 exd4 46.單xe4 d3 is a draw) 45. 皇xe5+ 含f7 46.單b8 皇d3 47.單b2 and White has no problem at all.

#### 44...d4 45.≝f8+!

The Bulgarian grandmaster correctly takes action. The 'catch me if you can' attitude no longer works, as the black bishop will move to the a6-f1 diagonal.

#### 

47.**≝e8+** 🕸d5

Magnus plays a sly move, creating a threat.

#### 48.<u></u>∉e1??

Cheparinov relaxes for a second; the punishment by Magnus the Executioner will be very heavy. Attacking the e5-pawn would have provided the draw: 48. § f8 § f5 49. § g7 § e6. Black could still press, but White has a clear-cut draw with 48. 8d8+! \$c4 49. \$d6! d3 50.exd3+ \$xd3+ 51.\$e1.



#### 48...≗f5‼

Magnus vacates the e4-square for his king. Maybe Ivan just expected 48... 2c2 to immediately have a go at the e2-pawn. Then, 49. 2d8+ 2e4 50. 2d2 2d1 51. 2e1 would have held.

#### 49.⊒d8+

Black has no defence.

#### 49...∲e4 50.≝e8

# 50... 創d7 51. 革b8 創e6 52. 革b4 革c2

Now it is all over.

53.≝a4 **Ձc4 0-1** 

An amazing squeeze!

#### Game 104 Fabiano Caruana Magnus Carlsen

Almaty Wch Blitz 2022



#### 49...**≝c**8‼

A sly move. Taking White's last pawn would have resulted in an easy draw after 49...單xg3 50.公g8 單f3 51.塗e2 單f4 52.公xf6.

#### 50.ģe3??

Caruana falls for the trick. 50.g4! would have rescued the knight and drawn: 50...h4 (after 50...置f8 51.②f5 hxg4 52.②g3 當g5 53.當e3, White holds without much trouble) 51.②f5 (51.當e3 h3 52.當f2 置h8 53.②f5 h2 54.②g3 h1營 55.③xh1 罩xh1 56.當g3 is a draw) 51...h3 52.罩e7 罩g8 (52...當g5 53.罩h7) 53.當e3 h2 54.②h4+ 當h6 55.②f5+ and White would be safe. **50...罩h8! 0-1** 

# Carlsen wins the knight and keeps all his pawns.

Eventually, Magnus won the World Championship scoring 16 points out of 21 games. In nine games that lasted more than 40 moves, Carlsen scored 8 points. His exceptional endgame skill was a key factor in winning this title.